STATE OF NEW JERSEY

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Independent Auditors' Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Governor State of New Jersey

Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) of the State of New Jersey for the year ended June 30, 2018, and related notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Programs

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this Schedule in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the Schedule that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this Schedule based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Schedule is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Schedule. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Schedule, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the Schedule in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the schedule.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



The Governor State of New Jersey

Opinion

In our opinion, the schedule referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the expenditures of Federal awards of the State of New Jersey, as described above, for the year ended June 30, 2018, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland April 30, 2019



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Governor State of New Jersey

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the State of New Jersey's (the State) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The State's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompany schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to the Federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the State's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the State's major Federal programs and compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the State's major Federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the State's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the State's major Federal programs did not comply with requirements regarding CFDA 84.365 – English Language Acquisition (subrecipient monitoring) as described in 2018-001 and CFDA 14.856 – Lower Income Housing Assistance Program- Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation (special reporting – HUD 50058) as described in 2018-013. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the State to comply with the requirements applicable to the programs.



Qualified Opinion on English Language Acquisition

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the State complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on CFDA 84.365 – English Language Acquisition for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Qualified Opinion on Lower Income Housing Assistance Program- Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the State complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on CFDA 14.856 – Lower Income Housing Assistance Program-Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the State complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major Federal programs identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2018-002, 2018-003, 2018-004, 2018-006, 2018-007, 2018-008, 2018-009, 2018-010, 2018-011, 2018-012, 2018-014, 2018-015, 2018-016, 2018-017, 2018-018 and 2018-019. Our opinion on each major program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The State's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The State's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the State is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the State's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the State's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2018-001 and 2018-013 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2018-002, 2018-003, 2018-004, 2018-007, 2018-008, 2018-009, 2018-010, 2018-011, 2018-012, 2018-014, 2018-015, 2018-016, 2018-017, 2018-018 and 2018-019 to be significant deficiencies.

The State's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The State's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the result of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland April 30, 2019

	Federal CFDA					т	Passed hrough to
Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title			itures		nrougn to brecipients		
.S. Department of Agriculture							
Plant and Animal Disease, Pest Control, and Animal Care.	10.025			\$	842,541		
Specialty Crop Block Grant Program-Farm Bill	10.170				819,260	\$	347,014
Organic Certification Cost Share Programs	10.171				72,486		
Homeland Security - Agricultural	10.304				40,123		
State Mediation Grants	10.435				11,653		
Crop Insurance Education in Targeted States	10.458				217,937		
Cooperative Agreements with States for Intrastate							
Meat and Poultry Inspection	10.475				80,074		
Child Nutrition- Technology Innovation Grant	10.541				10,936		
(SNAP) Recipient Integrity Information Technology Grant	10.546				2,082,174		
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster							
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (non-monetary)	10.561	\$	1,115,764,499				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental							
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561		158,957,737				135,297,24
Total Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster				-	1,274,722,236		135,297,24
Child Nutrition Cluster							
School Breakfast Program (SBP)	10.553		96,480,620				96,480,62
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555		261,624,151				261,624,15
Special Milk Program for Children (SMP)	10.556		260,512				260,51
Summer Food Service Program for Children (SFSPC)	10.559		12,125,551				11,751,73
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				-	370,490,834		370,117,01
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for							
Women, Infants & Children	10.557				133,343,815		28,283,34
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558				86,766,519		85,288,70
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560				6,181,826		
Food Distribution Cluster							
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565		384,676				378,78
Emergency Food Assistance Program (Administrative Costs)	10.568		1,716,444				1,055,22
Emergency Food Assistance Program (Commodities)	10.569		17,078,453				,,
Total Food Distribution Cluster			,,	-	19,179,572		1,434,00
WIC Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (FMNP)	10.572				748,656		(
Farm to School Grant Program	10.575				41,429		1,66
Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program	10.576				832,620		25,49
WIC Grants to States (WGS)	10.578				1,249,293		240,54
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579				1,110,427		464,52
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582				4,000,938		3,916,61
Child Nutrition Direct Certification Performance Awards	10.589				77,406		0,010,01
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664				507,007		276,97
Forest Health Protection	10.680				197,010		210,91
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.000				1,903,626,773		625,693,14
.S. Department of Commerce							
Interjurisdictional Fisheries Act of 1986	11.407				116,299		
Coastal Zone Management Administration Aw ards	11.419				725,154		105,49
Cooperative Fishery Statistics	11.434				228,975		
Regional Fishery Management Councils	11.441				446,252		
					-, -=		

	Endored CEDA				+	Passed brough to
Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Exp	bendi	tures		hrough to brecipients
U.S. Department of Commerce (continued)						
Unallied Science Program	11.472		\$	93,350		
Office for Coastal Management	11.473			189,147		
Atlantica Coastal Fisheries Cooperative Management Act.	11.474			230,213		
State And Local Implementation Grant Program	11.549			984,796	\$	3,085
Measurement And Engineering Research And Standards	11.609			692,855		444,481
Total U.S. Department of Commerce				5,138,100		553,059
J.S. Department of Defense						
National Guard Military Operations & Maintenance (O&M) Projects	12.401			29,704,010		
National Guard Challenge Program	12.404			2,207,804		
Total U.S. Department of Defense				31,911,814		-
J.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development						
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program	14.228			6,586,224	\$	6,512,040
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231			2,480,842		2,323,570
Supportive Housing Program	14.235			822,936		
Shelter Plus Care	14.238			356,847		
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239			4,452,327		2,602,000
Housing Opportunities for Persons With Aids	14.241			1,148,628		
Continuum of Care Program	14.267			2,415,120		
CDBG-Disaster Recovery Grants-Pub. L. No, 113-2 Cluster:						
Hurricane Sandy CDBG Disaster Recovery Grants (CDBG-DR)	14.269	\$ 318,776,742				180,941,799
National Disaster Resilience Competition	14.272	826,120				
Housing Trust Fund	14.275	29,305				-
Total CDBG-Disaster Recovery Grants-Pub. L. No, 113-2 Cluster				319,632,167		180,941,799
Fair Housing Assistance Program - State and Local	14.401			141,569		
Section 8 Project-Based Cluster:						
Low er Income Housing Assistance Program -						
Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation	14.856	4,582,286				
Total Section 8 Project-Based Cluster				4,582,286		
Housing Voucher Cluster:						
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	247,109,636				(419,325
Mainstream Vouchers	14.879	503,977				137
Total Housing Voucher Cluster				247,613,613		(419,188
Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.896			179,162		
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				590,411,721		191,960,221
J.S. Department of the Interior						
Hurricane Disaster Relief Coastal Resiliency Grants	15.153			2,934,256		1,361,651
Marine Minerals Activities - Hurricane Sandy DR4086	15.424			63,557		
Fish and Wildlife Cluster						
Sport Fish Restoration Program	15.605	2,689,579				
Wildlife Restoration and Basic Hunter Education	15.611	5,805,929				
Total Fish and Wildlife Cluster				8,495,508		
Coastal Wetlands Planning, Protection and Restoration Act	15.614			22,122		
Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund	15.615			85,655		
Clean Vessel Act	15.616			426,544		423,268
Sportfishing And Boating Safety Act	15.622			809,081		
State Wildlife Grants	15.634			972,422		35,895

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA	Federal Expenditures			Passed Through to
	Number				Subrecipients
J.S. Department of the Interior (continued)	1			1	
Endangered Species Conserv Recovery Implementation Funds	15.657		\$	15,000	
National Cooperative Geologic Mapping	15.810			267,435	
National Geological & Geophysical Data Preservation Program	15.814			15,255	
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid	15.904			1,212,991	\$ 98,99
Outdoor Recreation-Acquisition Development And Planning	15.916			197,500	
National Martime Heritage Grants Program	15.925			52,500	50,00
Historic Preservation Fund Grants to Provide Disaster Relief					
to Historic Properties Damaged by Hurricane Sandy	15.957			2,730,678	2,444,01
Total U.S. Department of the Interior				18,300,505	4,413,83
I.S. Department of Justice					
Sexual Assault Services Formula Program	16.017			366,487	366,48
Equal Employment Opportunity	16.101			1,491	
Juvenile Accountability Block Grants	16.523			66,408	35,69
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention - Allocation to States	16.540			632,519	579,97
Missing Children's Assistance	16.543			553,984	
National Criminal History Improvement Program	16.554			220,127	
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575			25,125,143	22,540,46
Crime Victim Compensation	16.576			4,451,167	1,751,48
Crime Victim Assistance/Discretionary Grants	16.582			374,034	374,03
Drug Court Discretionary Grant	16.585			125,543	07 1,00
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588			4,404,360	3,772,02
Grants To Encourage Arrest Policies & Enforcement	10.000			1, 10 1,000	0,2,0
of Protection Orders	16.590			87,276	54,55
Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners	16.593			214,653	112,08
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP)	16.606			5,816,049	(23,51
Project Safe Neighborhoods	16.609			79,569	79,56
Public Safety Partnership & Community Policing (Cops Grant)	16.710			246,103	10,00
Special Data Collections And Statistical Studies	16.734			146,459	
	16.734			4,587,481	2,827,55
Edw ard Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.741			987,189	43,74
DNA Backlog Reduction Program					,
Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Grant Program	16.742			20,008	4,56
Edward Byrne Memorial Competitive Grant Program	16.751			276,675	
Economic High-Tech And Cyber Crime Prevention	16.752			138,224	
Harold Rogers Prescription Drug Monitoring Program	16.754			4,364	005.44
Second Chance Act Prisoner Reentry Initiative	16.812			444,287	305,15
NICS Act Record Improvement Program	16.813			627,457	
Vision 21	16.826			27,992	
Contractual Agreements From Federal Government	16.CON			10,000	
Total U.S. Department of Justice				50,035,049	32,823,87
I.S. Department of Labor					
Labor Force Statistics	17.002			2,325,084	
Compensation and Working Conditions	17.005			519,336	
Employment Services Cluster					
Employment Service / Wagner-Peyser Funded Activities	17.207	\$	20,902,245		
Disabled Veterans' Outreach Program (DVOP)	17.801		2,596,967		
Local Veteran's Employment Representative Program	17.804		755,998		
Total Employment Services Cluster				24,255,211	

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Ex	pen	ditures	Passed Through to Subrecipient
U.S. Department of Labor (continued)					
Unemployment Insurance - State	17.225	\$ 1,964,536,584			
Unemployment Insurance - Federal	17.225	96,889,820			
Total Unemployment Insurance			\$	2,061,426,404	
Senior Community Service Employment Program	17.235			2,232,229	
Trade Adjustment Assistance	17.245			4,963,863	
Workforce Investment Act (WIA/WIOA) Cluster					
WIA/WIOA Adult Program	17.258	29,805,517			\$ 24,664,47
WIA/WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	19,684,201			19,684,20
WIA/WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	33,773,204			25,064,09
Total Workforce Investment Act (WIA/WIOA) Cluster			-	83,262,921	69,412,7
WIOA Employment, Training Admin. Pilots,					
Demos, & Research Projects	17.261			440,169	
Work Opportunity Tax Credit Program	17.271			424,346	
Temporary Labor Certification for Foreign Workers	17.273			548,954	
Workforce Investment Act (WIA) National Emergency Grants	17.277			307,570	256,35
WIOA Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Dislocated					
Worker National Reserve Demonstration Grants	17.280			985,665	985,66
Apprenticeship USA Grants	17.285			56,096	54,17
Occupational Safety & Health State Program	17.503			1,984,344	- ,
Consultation Agreements	17.504			1,813,167	
Mine Health and Safety Grants	17.600			53,258	
Total U.S. Department of Labor				2,185,598,617	70,708,9 [,]
J.S. Department of Transportation					
Airport Improvement Program	20.106			855,023	
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.100			000,020	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	786,681,475			239,268,44
Recreational Trails Program	20.219	560,128			323,02
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.2.10	 000,120	-	787,241,603	239,591,47
National Motor Carrier Safety	20.218			5,254,926	
Commercial Driver's License Program Improvement Grant	20.232			859,263	
Safety Data Improvement Program	20.232			74,236	
Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and	20.234			74,200	
Non-Metropolitan Planning and Research	20.505			194,637	
Rail Fixed Guidew ay Public Transportation System State Safety	20.528			531,825	
Highway Safety Cluster	20.320			551,625	
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	4,727,438			2,222,36
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	 8,787,498	-	12 514 026	5,057,33
Total Highway Safety Cluster	20 700			13,514,936	7,279,69
Pipeline Safety Program State Base Grants	20.700			853,190	
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector	00 700			050 700	110.00
Training and Planning Grants	20.703			259,709	143,02
Contractual Agreements Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.CON			166,229 809,805,577	247,014,19
				009,000,077	247,014,13
U.S. Department of the Treasury					
Contractual Agreements	21.CON			18,500	
Total Department of the Treasury				18,500	

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Ex	penditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission				
Employment Discrimination - State & Local Fair				
Employment Practices Agency Contracts	30.002		\$ 136,813	
Total Equal Employment Opportunity Commission			136,813	
National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities:				
Promotion of the Arts - Partnership Agreements	45.025		942,642	\$ 508,160
Museums for America	45.301		54,363	
Total National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities			997,005	508,160
Small Business Administration				
State Trade and Export Promotion Pilot Grant Program	59.061		1,048,417	1,048,417
Total Small Business Administration			1,048,417	1,048,417
Department of Veterans Affairs				
Unassigned Catalog Numbers From Federal Government	64.UNA		70	
Veterans Medical Care Benefits	64.009		133.832	133,832
Veterans State Nursing Home Care	64.015		34,372,096	,
Burial Expenses Allow ance for Veterans	64.101		950,734	
Vocational and Educational Counseling for	001		000,101	
Service members and Veterans	64.125		547,284	
State Cometary Grants	64.203		93,492	
Total U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs			36,097,508	133,83
J.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Surveys Studies, Investigations Demonstrations				
and Special Purpose Activities Relating to the Clean Air Act	66.034		434,001	
National Clean Diesel Emissions Reduction Program	66.039		1,190,152	1,175,57
Water Quality Management Planning	66.454		27,474	27,47
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster	00.434		27,474	27,47
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458	\$ 67,416,860		63,921,65
Total Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster	00.400	φ 01,410,000	67,416,860	63,921,65
Wetland Program Development Grants	66.461		160,712	
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster	00.101		100,112	
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds	66.468	30,396,558		27,276,86
Hurricane Sandy Capitalization Grants For		,,		
Drinking Water State Revolving Funds	66.483	21,117,852		20,610,39
Total Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster			51,514,410	47,887,263
Beach Monitoring and Notification Program Implementation Grants	66.472		20,020	20.02
Performance Partnership Grants	66.605		18,654,534	2,961,48
Environmental Information Exchange Network Grants	66.608		33,134	,,
Toxic Substances Compliance Monitoring Cooperative Agreements	66.701		122,797	
TSCA Title IV State Lead Grants Certification				
of Lead-Based Paint Professionals	66.707		258,487	
Pollution Prevention Grants Program	66.708		32,118	16,03
Superfund State, Political Subdivision, and Indian Tribe Site-				
Specific Cooperative Agreements	66.802		124,289	
Underground Storage Tank Prevention, Detect & Compl Prog	66.804		-	
Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund				
Corrective Action Program	66.805		348,417	
State and Tribal Response Program Grants	66.817		569,994	
Disaster Relief Appropriations Act (DRAA) Hurricane Sandy Leaking				
Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund Corrective Action Program	66.819		143,574	
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			141,050,972	116,009,504

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	 Federal Ex	ral Expenditures			Passed hrough to brecipients
U.S. Department of Energy						
State Energy Program	81.041	\$ 150,000			\$	150,000
ARRA State Energy Program	81.041	864,847				17,500
Total State Energy Program			\$	1,014,847		167,500
Weatherization Assistance for Low -Income Persons	81.042			4,805,233		4,032,430
Administration Costs Consolidations	81.ADM			(743,068)		
Total U.S. Department of Energy				5,077,012		4,199,930
U.S. Department of Education						
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002			14,655,880		12,611,325
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010			346,044,784		338,511,469
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011			1,879,817		1,789,342
Title I State Agency Program for Neglected and Delinquent Children	84.013			831,244		536,364
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)						
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	361,847,985				337,778,017
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	10,371,201				10,139,515
Total Special Education Cluster			-	372,219,186		347,917,532
Federal Family Education Loans	84.032			1,923,192,497		
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048			23,332,972		20,355,927
Rehabilitation Services - Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States	84.126			58,823,678		5,892,307
Migrant Education Coordination Program	84.144			200,908		36,591
Rehabilitation Services - Independent Living Services						,
for Older Individuals Who are Blind	84.177			1,351,548		1,351,548
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families with Disabilities	84.181			13,060,952		10,514,918
Supported Employment Services for Individuals	84.187			114,240		116,314,31
with the Most Significant Disabilities	04.107			114,240		110,51
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196			1 202 610		1 115 969
Charter Schools	84.196			1,383,618		1,115,868
	84.287			1,753,452		1,753,452
Tw enty-First Century Community Learning Centers				24,592,374		23,558,292
Special Education-State Personnel Development	84.323			207,482		10,73 <i>°</i>
Advanced Placement Program	84.330			164,395		0.4.40.000
Gaining Early Aw areness & Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334			2,415,963		2,146,928
Teacher Quality Partnership Grants	84.336			(1,138)		
Rural Education	84.358			54,673		52,258
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365			20,842,519		19,887,849
Mathematics and Science Partnerships	84.366			1,912,276		1,896,518
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367			45,143,970		43,633,104
Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities	84.369			8,923,367		
Statew ide Longitudinal Data Systems	84.372			200,370		200,08
School Improvement Grants	84.377			8,319,484		7,883,549
College Access Challenge Grant Program	84.378			(400)		(400
ARRA Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge	84.412			10,455,436		5,373,003
Preschool Development Grants	84.419			16,346,565		15,841,370
Student Support And Academic Enrichment Program	84.424			5,074,514		4,961,294
Contractual Agreements - National Center Educational Statistics	84.CON			157,894		
Unassigned Catalog Numbers from Federal Government	84.UNA			9,570		
Total U.S. Department of Education				2,903,664,089		867,947,53
U.S. Election Assistance Commission						
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments	90.401			30,752		
Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission				30,752		

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Federal Number			Federal Expenditures			
J.S. Department of Health and Human Services						241	precipients
Special Programs for the Aging-Title VII, Chapter 3-Programs							
for Prevention of Elder Abuse, Neglect, and Exploitation	93.041			\$	121,349		
Special Programs for the Aging-Title VII, Chapter 2-Long Term							
Care Ombudsman Services for Older Individuals	93.042				414,526		
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part D-Disease							
Prevention and Health Promotion Services	93.043				598,904	\$	598,90
Aging Cluster							
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B-Grants for							
Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	\$	10,197,692				10,197,69
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part C-Nutrition Services	93.045		19,422,806				17,616,33
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053		3,638,291				3,638,29
Total Aging Cluster				-	33,258,789		31,452,32
National Family Caregiver Support - Title III, Part E	93.052				4,181,806		4,024,97
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069				16,441,249		6,715,58
Environmental Public Health & Emergency Response	93.070				1,410,728		23,34
Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program	93.071				384,304		351,42
Birth Defect & Developmental Disability - Preventation/Surveillance	93.073				452,859		231,83
Hospital Preparedness Program and Public Health							
Emergency Preparedness Aligned Cooperative Agreements	93.074				337,576		104,50
Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health through							
School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based Surveillance	93.079				67,369		
Guardianship Assistance	93.090				5,542,472		
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal							
Responsibility Education Program	93.092				1,533,127		1,341,22
HHS Programs for Disaster Relief							
Appropriations Act - Non Construction	93.095				1,740,520		1,617,01
Food and Drug Administration - Research	93.103				966,247		
Comprehensive Community Mental Health Services for							
Children with Serious Emotional Disturbances (SED)	93.104				2,675,001		2,376,10
Maternal and Child Health Federal Consolidated Programs	93.110				768,850		603,16
Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for							
Tuberculosis Control Programs	93.116				2,277,555		1,223,16
Emergency Medical Services for Children	93.127				86,850		
Cooperative Agreements to States/Territories for the Coordination							
and Development of Primary Care Offices	93.130				161,844		7,18
Injury Prevention and Control Research and							
State and Community Based Programs	93.136				2,036,232		1,004,45
NIEHS Hazardous Waste Worker Health and Safety Training	93.142				120,006		
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH)	93.150				2,066,692		2,051,92
Coordinated Services & Access to Research							
for Women, Infants, Children, & Youth.	93.153				2,162,825		2,004,01
Grants to States for Loan Repayment Program	93.165				86,990		
Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program	93.235				1,703,094		1,408,19
State Capacity Building	93.240				608,108		
Substance abuse and Mental Health services Projects of							
Regional and National Significance	93.243				4,148,663		3,421,75
Universal New born Hearing Screening	93.251				283,527		131,55
Occupational Safety and Health Program	93.262				143,477		
Immunization Cooperative Agreements (non-monetary)	93.268		80,019,156				
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268		2,515,813				80,00
Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements				-	82,534,969		80,00
Adult Viral Hepatitis Prevention and Control	93.270				213,245		18,46

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expen	Passed Through to Subrecipients	
J.S. Department of Health and Human Services (continued)				
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Investigations,				
and Technical Assistance	93.283	\$	868,041	\$ 423,91
State Partnership Grant Prog To Improve Minority Health	93.296		227,551	206,31
National State Based Tobacco Control Program	93.305		1,029,955	697,29
Early Hearing Detection and Intervention				
Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Program	93.314		187,234	21,00
NON PPHF: Epidemiology and Lab Capacity for Infectious Diseases	93.323		3,368,149	1,172,94
State Health Insurance Assistance Program	93.324		967,060	673,00
Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System	93.336		194,410	
ACL Independent Living State Grants	93.369		347,078	27,03
ACL Assistive Technology	93.464		446,767	427,05
Pregnancy Assistance Fund Program	93.500		1,357,009	1,333,79
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant,				
and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program	93.505		482,496	507,01
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Grants to States for				
Health Insurance Premium Review	93.511		236,116	
The Affordable Care Act: Building Epidemiology, Laboratory	93.521		971,490	
Prevention and Public Health Fund (ACA)	93.539		4,582,078	1,548,85
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		6,482,126	6,191,28
TANF Cluster			-,,	-,,
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) State Programs	93.558	319,901,203		259,429,52
Total TANF Cluster		010,001,200	319,901,203	259,429,52
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	. <u> </u>	170,219,487	26,071,39
Refugee and Entrant Assistance-State Administered Programs	93.566		1,825,823	234,82
Low -Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568		116,493,082	21,380,29
Community Services Block Grant	93.569		18,710,838	17,851,16
Community- Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants	93.590		2,182,957	2,139,67
Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDF) Cluster	55.555		2,102,337	2,100,07
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	132,583,085		55,786,16
	93.575	132,363,065		55,760,10
Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of the Child Care and	02 506	E0 706 7E9		E7 417 60
Development Fund	93.596	59,796,758	100 070 040	57,417,69
Total CCDF Cluster	02 500	·	192,379,843	113,203,85
State Court Improvement Program	93.586		687,483	
Grants to States for Access and Visitation Programs	93.597		190,294	704.04
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program (ETV)	93.599		701,014	701,01
Head Start	93.600		172,155	
Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments	93.603		631,849	631,84
Developmental Disabilities Basic Support and Advocacy Grants	93.630		1,540,919	516,73
Children's Justice Grants to States	93.643		386,985	377,16
Stephanie Tubbs-Jones Child Welfare Services - Program	93.645		5,319,056	
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658		94,858,950	203,69
Adoption Assistance	93.659		74,399,607	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667		60,008,731	1,608,10
Child Abuse & Neglect State Grants	93.669		526,301	526,30
Child Abuse & Neglect Discretionary Activities	93.670		630,897	558,00
Family Violence Prevention and Services/				
Domestic Violence Shelter and Supportive Services	93.671		2,992,603	2,988,24
Chafee Foster Care Independent Living	93.674		2,499,397	2,472,22

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures			Passec Through Subrecipie	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (continued)						•
Capacity Building Assistance to Strengthen Public Health Immunization	n					
Infrastructure and Performance	93.733		\$	705,030	\$	190,500
State Public Health Approaches for Ensuring Quitline Capacity	93.735			292,650		131,800
Health Care surveillance/Health Statistics - Surveillance PR	93.745			78,913		
Child Lead Poisoning Prevention Surveillance	93.753			285,252		125,606
State Public Health Actions to Prevent and Control Diabetes	93.757			743,867		615,465
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.758			4,144,859		3,154,860
Evidence-Based Falls Prevention Programs Financed by PPHF	93.761			128,363		113,898
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767			495,223,169		4,474,708
Medicaid Cluster						
State Medicaid Fraud Control Units	93.775	\$ 2,645,548				
State Survey and Certification of Health Care Providers and Suppliers	3					
(Title XVIII) Medicare	93.777	11,451,536				
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	9,351,443,599				169,190,000
Total Medicaid Cluster			•	9,365,540,683		169,190,000
Opioid Str	93.788			7,400,987		7,175,211
Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration	93.791			14,918,639		7,038,143
Domestic Ebola Supplement to ELC for Infectious Diseases	93.815			1,130,636		39,000
Hospital Preparedness Program Ebola						
Preparedness and Response Activities	93.817			517,854		352,466
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.829			169,213		
Maternal, Infant and Early Childhood Home Visiting Grant Program	93.870			12,083,957		11,819,882
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	93.889			5,359,738		3,755,760
Cancer Prevention and Control Programs for State	93.898			2,382,465		1,309,260
Grants to States for Operation of Offices of Rural Health	93.913			125,683		18,242
HIV Care Formula Grants	93.917			30,772,783		26,380,551
HIV Prevention Activities Health Department Based	93.940			13,962,014		8,949,365
Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)/Acquired Immunodeficiency						
Virus Syndrome (AIDS) Surveillance	93.944			2,664,749		363,937
Assistance Programs for Chronic Disease Prevention and Control	93.945			2,030,068		1,658,184
Cooperative Agreements to Support State-Based Safe						
Motherhood & Infant Health Initiative Programs	93.946			406,178		
Block Grants For Community Mental Health Services	93.958			11,045,544		10,026,141
Block Grants For Prevention & Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959			46,884,905		39,068,116
Preventative Health Services - Sexually Transmitted Diseases	93.977			2,521,186		231,384
Maternal & Child Health Services Block Grant to the State	93.994			10,341,324		3,676,070
Contractual Agreements	93.CON			3,235,064		429,289
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				11,293,632,561		825,202,605

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures				Passed nrough to precipients
Corporation for National and Community Service						
AmeriCorps	94.006		\$	2,961,447	\$	2,804,427
State Commissions	94.003			365,161		
Training and Technical Assistance	94.009			168,648		
Foster Grandparent/Senior Companion Cluster						
Foster Grandparent Program	94.011	\$ 696,139				498,375
Volunteer Generation Fund	94.021	 128,160	_			126,665
Total Foster Grandparent/Senior Companion Cluster				824,299		625,040
Total Corporation for National and Community Service				4,319,554		3,429,467
Social Security Administration						
Disability Insurance/SSI Cluster						
Social Security - Disability Insurance (DI)	96.001	57,672,294				-
Total Disability Insurance/SSI Cluster			-	57,672,294		
Unassigned Catalog Numbers From Federal Government	96.UNA			3,425		
Total Social Security Administration				57,675,719		-
U.S. Department Homeland Security						
Non-Profit Security Program	97.008			2,971,685		2,971,685
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012			2,266,974		
Services Element (CAP-SSSE)	97.023			196,666		
National Urban Search & Rescue (US&R) Response System	97.025			2,833,040		1,539,274
Flood Mitigation Assistance	97.029			12,043,361		12,043,361
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036			141,693,166		127,121,157
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039			35,130,875		25,916,206
National Dam Safety Program	97.041			85,601		
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042			7,858,299		2,177,551
Cooperating Technical Partners	97.045			607,469		
Pre-Disaster Mitigation	97.047			14,453		14,453
Port Security Grant Program	97.056			1,016,617		
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067			20,357,092		12,393,900
Homeland Security BioWatch Program	97.091			820,313		
Severe Loss Repetitive Program	97.110			2,077,067		2,077,067
Presidential Residence Protection Security Grant	97.134			281,822		
Total U.S. Department Homeland Security				230,254,499		186,254,654
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2	20,268,831,556	\$ 3	,177,901,343

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Reporting Entity

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes all Federal award programs administered by the State of New Jersey (the State) except for component units for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The State financial reporting entity is described in note 1b of the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Accordingly, the accompanying Schedule presents the Federal awards programs administered by the State, as defined above, for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Federal Family Education Loan Program

The State administers the Federal Family Education Loan Program - Guaranty Program (FFELP). During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 there were no new loans guaranteed. Loans repurchased during the year and administrative costs amounted to \$39,686,120 and \$9,807,818, respectively, and are included in the accompanying Schedule. The principal amount outstanding for guaranteed loans as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,649,067,220 and \$1,873,698,559, respectively.

Federal Awards Programs Numbers

Certain programs presented in the accompanying Schedule includes Federal award programs that have not been assigned a Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number, which are reported by the respective Federal agency and titled "UNA". Programs under direct contract are titled "CON". The Administration Costs Consolidations under the U.S. Department of Energy is labeled "ADM".

Disaster Grants- Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disaster) (97.036)

After a presidentially declared disaster, the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) provides a public assistance grant to reimburse eligible costs associated with repair, replacement, or restoration of disaster-damaged facilities. The Federal Government reimburses in the form of cost-shared grants.

In 2018, FEMA approved approximately \$2,109,252 of eligible expenditures that were incurred in a prior year and are included in the Schedule.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

<u>General</u>

The accompanying Schedule includes the expenditures for each Federal financial assistance program of the State and is presented on the cash basis of accounting, which is based on cash disbursements for the period.

Highway Planning and Construction Program

The amount presented in the Highway Planning and Construction Program (20.205) represents the summary of billings from the Department of Transportation to the Federal Government which include expenditures currently determined to be chargeable to the Federal program.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

Nonmonetary Federal Awards

The amounts identified in the Schedule as surplus foods, food stamps, commodities, and vaccines represent the dollar value of items consumed.

Indirect Costs

The State and its various departments did not elect the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate as discussed in 2 CPR 200.414. Each department within the State that has a negotiated indirect cost rate with a Federal agency can use such indirect cost rates for any pass through grants to subrecipients.

NOTE 3 MATCHING COSTS

Matching costs, i.e., the non-Federal share of certain program costs, are not included in the accompanying Schedule.

NOTE 4 RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL REPORTS

The regulations and guidelines governing the preparation of Federal financial reports vary by Federal agency and among programs administered by the same agency. Accordingly, the amounts reported in the Federal financial reports do not necessarily agree with the amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule, which is prepared on the cash basis explained in note 2.

NOTE 5 CONTINGENCIES

The State's participation in Federal funding is subject to review by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) as cognizant agency. HHS coordinates the review of findings and questioned costs with other Federal agencies. HHS and the other Federal agencies determine the ultimate allowability of expenditures charged to the Federal grants. The State is unable to determine the amounts, if any, that Federal agencies will disallow. Any impact as a result of these matters will be reflected in the Schedule and recognized by the respective Federal program when amounts can be determined.

The State is a party to various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. While it is not possible at this time to predict the ultimate outcome of these actions, any impact as a result of these matters will be reflected in the Schedule and recognized by the respective Federal program when amounts can be determined.

Section I – Summary of Auditors' F	Results			
Schedules				
Type of auditors' report issued by the State of New Jersey State Au	ditor:	Unmod	lified	
Internal control over financial reporting issued by the State of New J	Jersey State	Auditor	:	
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		Yes	X	No
 Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to b material weaknesses? 	e	Yes	x	None reported
Noncompliance material to Schedules noted?		Yes	X	None
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	X	Yes		No
 Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to b material weaknesses? 	e X	Yes		None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:		See be	low	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	X	Yes		No
Identification of Major Programs				
Name of Federal Program or Cluster	CFDA Number			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.56	1	Unm	odified
Community Development Block Grant Cluster - Hurricane Sandy Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Grant (CDBG-DR)	14.269, 14 14.27		Unm	nodified
Section 8 Housing Vouchers Cluster	14.871, 14	1.879	Unm	odified
Lower Income Housing Assistance Program – Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation	14.85	6	Qu	alified
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205, 20).219	Unm	odified
Veterans State Nursing Home Care	64.01	5	Unm	odified

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	CFDA Number(s)	
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster	66.468, 66.483	Unmodified
Federal Family Education Loans	84.032	Unmodified
Rehabilitation Services - Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States	84.126	Unmodified
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	Qualified
Aging Cluster	93.044, 93.045, 93.053	Unmodified
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	Unmodified
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	Unmodified
Adoption Assistance	93.659	Unmodified
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	Unmodified
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	Unmodified
Medicaid Cluster	93.775, 93.777, 93.778	Unmodified
Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration	93.791	Unmodified
Block Grants For Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	Unmodified
Social Security - Disability Insurance	96.001	Unmodified
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	Unmodified
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B prog	grams: <u>\$30,47</u>	<u>7,488</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	X No

II. SCHEDULE FINDINGS

None

III. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION

Reference Number: Prior Year Finding: Federal Agency: State Agency: Federal Program:	2018-001 No U.S. Department of Education Department of Education English Language Acquisition State Grants
CFDA Number:	84.365
Award Number and Year: Compliance Requirement: Type of Finding:	S365A150030 (2016), S365A160030 (2017), S365A170030 (2018), S365B150030 (2017) Sub-Recipient Monitoring Material Weakness in Internal Control, Material Non– Compliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: Per 2 CFR section 200.331 Requirements for pass-through entities: (d) Monitor the activities of the subrecipient as necessary to ensure that the subaward is used for authorized purposes, in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the subaward; and that subaward performance goals are achieved. Pass-through entity monitoring of the subrecipient must include:

(1) Reviewing financial and performance reports required by the pass-through entity.

(2) Following-up and ensuring that the subrecipient takes timely and appropriate action on all deficiencies pertaining to the Federal award provided to the subrecipient from the pass-through entity detected through audits, on-site reviews, and other means.

(3) Issuing a management decision for audit findings pertaining to the Federal award provided to the subrecipient from the pass-through entity as required by §200.521 Management decision.

Per 2 CFR section 200.331 Requirements for pass-through entities. (e) Depending upon the pass-through entity's assessment of risk posed by the subrecipient (as described in paragraph (b) of this section), the following monitoring tools may be useful for the pass-through entity to ensure proper accountability and compliance with program requirements and achievement of performance goals:

(1) Providing subrecipients with training and technical assistance on program-related matters; and

(2) Performing on-site reviews of the subrecipient's program operations;

(3) Arranging for agreed-upon-procedures engagements as described in §200.425 Audit services.

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303 Internal Controls: The non-Federal entity must: (a) Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

(b) Comply with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal awards.

(c) Evaluate and monitor the non-Federal entity's compliance with statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of Federal awards.

(d) Take prompt action when instances of noncompliance are identified including noncompliance identified in audit findings.

Condition:

During the audit, we noted that the Department of Education (DOE or the Department) did not perform site visits or document review of subreciepient financial documentation and performance reports as required by Uniform Guidance.

DOE received financial and performance reports from its subrecipients throughout the year; however, documentation to support the review and determined results was not maintained. Furthermore, any follow-up action(s) related to the subrecipient's noncompliance was not documented.

Context:

Documentation to support compliance with subrecipient monitoring was not maintained for 25 out of 25 subrecipients selected for testing.

Questioned costs:

\$19,887,849, represents subrecipient expenditures as of June 30, 2018.

Cause:

DOE was in the process of reviewing and revising its subrecipient monitoring process. As part of the revision process all current monitoring visits and related documentation were temporarily suspended during the audit period.

Effect:

DOE was not compliant with Uniform Guidance and was unable to support the subrecipient's compliance with program requirements or allowability of subrecipient's expenditures.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

DOE should document its subreciepient monitoring efforts as well as all follow-up action(s) due to noncompliance. DOE should consult with the grantor liaison for acceptable alternative processes and procedures for documenting subrecipient monitoring activities.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. The New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) will reinstate the on-site monitoring process for the English Language Acquisition sub-recipients, for the purpose of maintaining effective internal controls over the Federal award. In addition, the NJDOE will improve the process of documenting the review of sub-recipient financial and performance reports, including the determined results and any follow up actions related to any noncompliance.

Reference Number: Prior Year Finding:	2018-002 No
Federal Agency: State Agency: Federal Program:	U.S. Department of Education Higher Education Student Assistance Authority Federal Family Education Loans
CFDA Number:	84.032
Award Number and Year: Compliance	None
Requirement: Type of Finding:	Special Provisions Tests – Federal Share of Borrower Payments Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: Per Federal letter publication date of 7/1/2000 and DCLID number 00-G-328: Deposit the Federal share of collections into a separate agency-controlled account or an agency-controlled escrow account. This account may only be used to hold collections and disburse the proper shares to the Federal Fund and Operating fund. The agency must provide detailed documentation outlining the structure and operation of the account. After reviewing the documentation submitted by the agency, we may request additional information and/or modifications to the account to ensure that Federal interests are protected. The agency must transfer the Federal share (including investment income earned on the Federal share) into the agency-controlled account or agency-controlled escrow account within 48 hours of receipt of funds and the procedures submitted by the agency must provide that the Federal share of the collections and interest are deposited into the Federal Fund no later than 30 days after receipt. The Federal letter superseded: 34 CFR section 682.419(b)(6) for Federal share of borrower payments.

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

During our testing we noted that the Authority did not consistently transfer defaulted loans into the Federal fund in accordance with the 30-day program requirement. We noted that the delays ranged from 7 to 27 days over 30.

Context:

We noted 7 of the 25 payments for defaulted loans were not transferred into the Federal Fund within the 30 day timeframe.

Questioned costs:

None. The noncompliance was due to the timing of the transfer into the Federal fund.

Cause:

The noncompliance was due to an oversight.

Effect:

The Authority was not compliant with the program requirements.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Authority review current procedures related to recording and tracking defaulted loan payments to ensure that the payments are transferred into the Federal fund within the required time frame.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. The New Jersey Higher Education Student Assistance Authority (HESAA) agrees with the finding that the Federal share of borrower payments had not been transferred to the appropriate Federal fund in accordance with the 30-day program requirement. HESAA notes this noncompliance was largely due to staff oversight and the lack of proper system checkpoints in place to ensure consistent and timely payments. The Authority has already reviewed and updated its internal procedures to provide a greater level of oversight with the monthly submissions including electronic notification on both the 12th and the 28th or each month to responsible staff and their supervisors reminding them to transfer the appropriate funds within 30 days of receipt and supervisor review of monthly transactions.

Reference Number:	2018-003
Prior Year Finding:	No
Federal Agency:	U.S. Department of Education
State Agency:	Department of Labor and Workforce Development
Federal Program:	Rehabilitation Services-Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States
CFDA Number:	84.126
Award Number and Year: Compliance	H126A170043 (2017), H126A180043 (2018)
Requirement:	Special Tests – Participant Enrollment Plan
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: Per 29 USC 722(b) (3) (F), Timeframe for completing the individualized plan for employment. The individualized plan for employment shall be developed as soon as possible, but not later than a deadline of 90 days after the date of the determination of eligibility described in paragraph (1), unless the designated State unit and the eligible individual agree to an extension of that deadline to a specific date by which the individualized plan for employment shall be completed.

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

The grantor requires the Individualized Plan for Employment (IPE) process to be completed within 90 days, unless an extension for additional time is approved. Division of Vocational Rehabilitation Services (DVRS) internal procedures require counselors to maintain and document their communications (outstanding forms, telephone calls and other correspondences) with beneficiaries throughout the IPE process.

During the audit, one beneficiary's IPE plan was not completed within the 90 day requirement. The IPE was completed 155 days (65 days beyond the required time frame) after the determination of eligibility and the case was not granted an extension. In addition, we noted that the DVRS counselor did not document the reason for the delayed IPE in the Department of Labor and Workforce Development's (DLWD or the Department) DVRS AWARE system.

Context:

One out of 40 IPE plans was not documented in accordance with the grantor's or Department's requirements.

Questioned costs:

None. The beneficiary was eligible to participate in the program. The IPE was not completed by the Department in a timely manner.

Cause:

Due to an oversight, the DVRS counselor did not document their communications with the beneficiary in the DVRS AWARE system or client casefile. Therefore, the reason for the delay was not supported.

Effect:

The Department was not compliant with the grantor's requirements and internal procedures.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department review current procedures to determine if they are adequate to ensure compliance with grantor's requirements.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. After careful review of the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation Services (DVRS) case recording policies, the Division intends to further update its policy manual with more detailed instructions on entering case notes in the AWARE system when an Individualized Plan for Employment (IPE) is delayed past the 90-day requirement. The updates will be contained in Section 6.2 of the case recording standards under IPE development.

In addition, staff will also be notified of the new requirements through an agency administrative memo. The administrative memo will then be discussed by management of each individual Vocational Rehabilitation office for implementation.

Reference Number:	2018-004
Prior Year Finding:	No
Federal Agency:	Social Security Administration
State Agency:	Department of Labor and Workforce Development
Federal Program:	Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI)
CFDA Number:	96.001
Award Number and Year:	04-1704NJD100 (2017), 04-1804NJD100 (2018)
Compliance	Period of Performance - Program Costs Prior to the Period of
Requirement:	Performance
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: CFR section 200.309 - Period of performance.

A non-Federal entity may charge to the Federal award only allowable costs incurred during the period of performance (except as described in § 200.461 Publication and printing costs) and any costs incurred before the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity made the Federal award that were authorized by the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity.

2 CFR section 200.343(b), unless the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity authorizes an extension, a non-Federal entity must liquidate all obligations incurred under the Federal award not later than 90 calendar days after the end date of the period of performance as specified in the terms and conditions of the Federal award

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

During the audit, we noted that the Social Security Division (SSD) charged program costs in the amount of \$423 to the grant prior to the grant's period of performance.

The SSD review process did not detect the error nor did they obtain prior approval from the grantor prior to charging the program costs that were incurred prior to the period of performance start date.

Context:

Three of the 8 program costs selected for testing were charged to the program prior to the grant's period of performance.

Questioned costs:

None, All costs were allowable to program.

Cause:

The accounting staff incorrectly identified and charged program costs to the wrong grant. The Department's review process did not detect the error and take timely corrective action.

Effect:

The Department was not compliant with the grant's period of performance which could result in the grantor's disallowance of the costs.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department review current procedures and update as needed to ensure compliance is met.

Statistically valid: Yes

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. The New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development (DLWD) has a policy in place for processing travel reimbursements that are performed by the Department's Accounts Payable unit. The policy is being reviewed by the Department to ensure that procedures are adequate and appropriately followed. Additionally, DLWD has received approval from the Social Security Administration to remediate the findings by charging and reimbursing the proper fiscal year awards. These correcting transactions were completed during February 2019.

Reference Number: Prior Year Finding: Federal Agency: State Agency:	2018-005 2015-045 (Other Requirements – ITGC) U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Department of Children and Families
Federal Program:	Foster Care – Title IV-E Adoption Assistance
CFDA Number:	93.658, 93.659
Award Number and Year:	All grants awards All grant years
Compliance Requirement-	
Other:	Information Technology General Controls
Type of Finding	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control

Criteria or specific requirement:

Control: 2 CFR, Part 200 – Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, Subpart D, section 200.303 requires that non-Federal entities receiving Federal awards establish and maintain effective internal controls over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. As part of the an entity's internal controls to reasonably ensure compliance over Federal laws and regulations, an entity must maintain an effective control environment over their information technology systems used to generate and process information to administer Federal programs in accordance with the respective rules and regulations that govern the program.

Condition:

The New Jersey Statewide Protective, Investigation, Reporting and Information Tool (NJSPIRIT) application management is provided by the Department of Children and Families (DCF) staff. During the audit, we noted that shared accounts were used to administer the production environments of the Oracle database, AIX operating system, and web application.

The State of New Jersey (the State), Enterprise Business Services Unit (EBSU) of the Department of Human Services (DHS) oversees the administration of servers, networks, and databases that make up the technical infrastructure of the NJSPIRIT application. The EBSU and DCF staff develop and maintain the general information technology (IT) control environment, and are responsible for the overall effectiveness of the application controls directly associated with NJSPIRIT.

Context: None

Questioned costs: None

Cause:

There are multiple personnel with responsibility to administer the Oracle database, AIX operating system, and web application and these activities are performed through shared accounts.

Effect:

A lack of individual accounts for the administration of the Oracle database, AIX operating system and web application, as well as ineffective monitoring of associate activities, could result in the loss of accountability, inaccurate data being stored and inappropriate use of information.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

Subsequent to the audit period, DCF has implemented corrective actions to reduce the risk related to this finding, including:

- The creation of individual administrative accounts for the web application and the AIX operating system; and
- The implementation of monitoring procedures for the required and system delivered administrative account for the Oracle database.

DCF should continue to evaluate account usage and where possible assign accounts specific to each individual. Additionally, continued monitoring of administrative activity should be performed to validate for appropriateness.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. The New Jersey Department of Children and Families (DCF) mitigated the risk related to this finding by completing the following:

- The creation of individual administrative accounts for the web application and the AIX operating system; and
- The implementation of monitoring procedures for the required and system delivered administrative account for the Oracle database.

DCF will continue to evaluate account usage and require the Office of Information Technology (OIT) and the Department of Human Services (DHS) to monitor administrative activity to validate for appropriateness.

Reference Number: Prior Year Finding: Federal Agency: State Agency: Federal Program: CFDA Number:	2018-006 No U.S. Department of Education Department of Labor and Workforce Development Rehabilitation Services-Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States 84.126
Award Number and Year:	H126A170043 (2017), H126A180043 (2018)
Compliance Requirement:	Earmarking – Pre-employment Transition Services
Type of Finding:	Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: Per 29 U.S Code § 730 (d) Funds for pre-employment transition services:

(1) From any State allotment under subsection (a) for a fiscal year, the State shall reserve not less than 15% of the allotted funds for the provision of pre-employment transition services. (2) Such reserved funds shall not be used to pay for the administrative costs of providing pre-employment transition services.

Condition:

We noted that the Department did not meet the 15% earmark threshold for pre-employment transition services for Division of Vocational Rehabilitation Services (DVRS). The Department was required to earmark and expend \$7,296,846 for pre-employment transition services; however, for FFY18, \$1,008,919 was expended which was less than the required amount.

DVRS tracked pre-employment transition costs as budget line Pre-ETS and was aware of the noncompliance which was communicated to the grantor via the program financial reporting process.

Context:

Not applicable

Questioned costs:

Undetermined, the grantor is aware of the noncompliance and has not issued a determination regarding questioned costs.

Cause:

While the Department tracked and monitored costs for pre-employment transition costs, allowable costs eligible for the earmarked services were not sufficient to meet the required threshold.

Effect:

DVRS was not in compliance with the earmarking requirement for pre-employment transition services.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department continue to communicate their efforts to meet to required threshold to the grantor. The Department should review current procedures to ensure that all allowable costs are accurately reported and counted towards the earmark requirement, and determine if enhancements to current procedures are needed to increase participation and allowable costs.

Statistically valid: Yes

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. DLWD has a policy and mechanism in place to capture activity designated as Pre-Employment Training Services (Pre-ETS) from the New Jersey Comprehensive Financial System (the State's accounting system). Also, the policy does track through the State's Electronic Cost Accounting and Timesheet System (eCATS) those individuals who are charging their time to Pre-ETS, and this is applicable only for program activity as administrative costs are not allowed to be charged to Pre-ETS. In addition, the Finance and Accounting Unit maintain a monthly financial report that tracks the Pre-ETS costs being charged to the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation Services (DVRS) grants. The DVRS had \$4 million budgeted for Pre-ETS in FY 2018.

Reference Number: Prior Year Finding: Federal Agency: State Agency: Federal Program:	2018-007 No U.S. Department of Education Department of Labor and Workforce Development Rehabilitation Services-Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States
CFDA Number:	84.126
Award Number and Year: Compliance	H126A170043 (2017), H126A180043 (2018)
Requirement: Type of Finding:	Suspension & Debarment Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: Per 2 CFR 180: Non-Federal entities are prohibited from contracting with or making subawards under covered transactions to parties that are suspended or debarred. "Covered transactions" include contracts for goods and services awarded under a nonprocurement transaction (e.g., grant or cooperative agreement) that are expected to equal or exceed \$25,000 or meet certain other criteria as specified in 2 CFR section 180.220. All nonprocurement transactions entered into by a pass-through entity (i.e., subawards to subrecipients), irrespective of award amount, are considered covered transactions, unless they are exempt as provided in 2 CFR section 180.215. When a non-Federal entity enters into a covered transaction with an entity at a lower tier, the non-Federal entity must verify that the entity, as defined in 2 CFR section 180.995 and agency adopting regulations, is not suspended or debarred or otherwise excluded from participating in the transaction. This verification may be accomplished by (1) checking the *Excluded Parties List System (EPLS)* maintained by the General Services Administration (GSA) and available at https://www.sam.gov/portal/public/SAM/, (2) collecting a certification from the entity, or (3) adding a clause or condition to the covered transaction with that entity (2 CFR section 180.300).

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

We noted that the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation Services (DVRS) did not consistently follow the State's procurement policy related to verification of contractors/sub awardee's suspension and debarment status prior to contracting with the organization. DVRS failed to maintain documentation to support contractors/sub awardee's suspension and debarment status.

Context:

DVRS did not document the suspension and debarment status for 3 of the 5 vendor contracts selected for testing.

Questioned costs:

None. The three contractors were not suspended or debarred from participating in a Federal program.

Cause:

DVRS management was not aware of the State's procurement policy that required them to verify the suspension and debarment status of non-Federal entities when entering into a covered transaction.

Effect:

DVRS was not in compliance with the Uniform Guidance's procurement requirement.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that DVRS review and enhance current procurement procedures as deemed necessary, to ensure that the adequate documentation is maintained to support a contractors/sub awardee's suspension and debarment status.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. As this issue also affects other areas within DLWD, the Department will develop a procedure by which the State debarment list and the Federal Excluded Parties List System maintained by the General Services Administration will be reviewed and documented prior to a contract or grant being awarded.

Reference Number:	2018-008
Prior Year Finding:	Yes
Federal Agency:	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
State Agency:	Department of Human Services
Federal Program:	Medicaid Cluster
CFDA Number:	93.775, 93.777, 93.778
Award Number and Year:	1705-NJ5MAP (2017), 1705-NJ5ADM (2017), 1705-NJINCT (2017), 1705-NJIMPL (2017), 1805-NJ5MAP (2018), 1805- NJ5ADM (2018), 1805-NJINCT (2018), 1805-NJIMPL (2018)
Compliance	Special Tests – Provider Eligibility and Provider Health and
Requirement:	Safety Standards
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Compliance: Provider Eligibility: In order to receive Medicaid payments, providers of medical services furnishing services must be licensed in accordance with Federal, State, and local laws and regulations to participate in the Medicaid program (42 CFR sections 431.107 and 447.10; and Section 1902(a)(9) of the Social Security Act (42 USC 1396a(a)(9)) and the providers must make certain disclosures to the State (42 CFR part 455, subpart B, sections 455.100 through 455.106).

Providers Health and Safety Standards: Providers must meet the prescribed health and safety standards for hospital, nursing facilities, and ICF/MR (42 CFR pat 442). The standards may be modified in the State plan.

Condition:

The Department contracts a 3rd party provider to manage provider eligibility. The 3rd party provider is responsible for verifying the provider's license status and that the provider meets health and safety standards required by the State.

We selected 60 providers that received Medicaid payments during FY 2018. During our testing of the provider files, maintained by the 3rd party provider, we noted that the provider files did not consistently support the provider's eligibility and compliance with the State's health and safety standards in accordance with Federal and state requirements.

As a result of our review the following was noted:

- 1. The active license status for 4 providers was not available for review.
- 2. The provider agreement for 2 providers was not available for review.
- 3. The provider checklist for 15 providers was not available for review.

Context:

Four of the 60 provider licenses selected for testing were either not adequately documented or expired prior to FY 18.

Two of the 60 provider files selected for testing did not contain a signed provider agreement between the State and the provider.

Fifteen of the 60 provider files selected for testing did not contain the provider agreement checklist.

Questioned costs:

Undetermined, due to the lack of information, we are unable to determine if the providers were eligible or ineligible to participate in the program.

Cause:

While the 3rd party provider implemented procedures, and processes to enhance the supporting documentation related to provider's license, contractual requirements (provider agreements) and attestation for health and safety standards, they are not fully compliant as of June 30, 2018.

Effect:

Medicaid claims may be paid to ineligible providers which may result in unallowed program costs. The Department was not compliant with the State's plan for Medicaid.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department continue to review the 3rd party provider process and procedures for determining and documenting provider's eligibility and compliance with related State and Federal requirements. The Department should continue to periodically review provider files to determine if a provider checklist is present, and if not, should be completed.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. In reference to the finding of no signed provider agreement for two providers, it was determined that the two providers had no enrollment activity during the audit period that would have necessitated new provider agreements. Therefore, only their initial agreement existed on file. The auditors were informed that the State does not require an annual provider agreement to be completed unless the provider is a new enrollment or re-enrollment, had a change in ownership or is adding providers to their group or clinic. For those instances found of no provider agreement, it is due to no enrollment-related activity occurring during that particular review period.

Licenses are requested from providers in an automated manner when the license is due to expire within 45 days of the expiration date. Letters and phone calls are made as a routine practice to collect the needed documentation. In most cases, the provider responds and sends in the needed documentation; however, for the findings in this audit, the providers did not comply with requests for needed licenses. In the current Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS) there is no editing in place that prevents claims from being paid to providers with expired licenses. This has been discussed as a feature of the Replacement Medicaid Management Information System (RMMIS) that will suspend a provider until requested credentials are received. Recognizing the limitations of the existing license outreach efforts, the State intends to revisit this compliance issue to develop a plan that enhances compliance and minimizes the impact on beneficiary access to Medicaid-covered services.

The Risk-based/Screen Checklists that were determined to be missing or insufficient for fifteen providers, also involved a time period in which no enrollment activity took place. Therefore, the checklist was not required. We still perform the monthly monitoring of excluded providers in an automated monthly process, and we ensure that State and Federally-excluded providers are not listed as active providers in the MMIS. The Checklists are now fully functional and required for all new enrollments, re-enrollments and changes in ownership.

Reference Number:	2018-009
Prior Year Finding:	No
Federal Agency:	All Federal Agencies
State Agency:	N/A
Federal Program:	All Federal Programs
CFDA Number:	All CFDAs
Award Number and Year:	N/A
Compliance	Report Submission - Data Collection Submission
Requirement:	
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Compliance: Report Submission: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a) General. (1) The audit must be completed and the data collection form described in paragraph (b) of this section and reporting package described in paragraph (c) of this section must be submitted within the earlier of 30 calendar days after receipt of the auditor's report(s), or nine months after the end of the audit period. If the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday, the reporting package is due the next business day.

Condition:

The State of New Jersey's (the State) single audit reporting package was not submitted to the Federal clearinghouse by the regulatory due date. The reporting package is required to be submitted the earlier of 30 calendar days after receipt of the auditor's report(s), or nine months after the end of the audit period. The State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) issuance was delayed due to the implementation of GASB 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* The delay resulted in the CAFR not being available for inclusion in the reporting package and submission to the Federal clearinghouse by the State's April 1, 2019 due date.

Context:

Not applicable

Questioned costs:

None noted, the late submission was due to the CAFR not being available for inclusion in the reporting package.

Cause:

Due to the implementation of GASB 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the state's CAFR was not available to be included in the reporting package and submitted to the Federal clearinghouse by the regulatory due date.

Effect:

The State is not complaint with the report submission requirement under Uniform Guidance.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the State review and enhance current procedures as deemed necessary to ensure that regulated due dates are met.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. The State of New Jersey's FY 2018 Single Audit Reporting Package submission to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse (FAC) by this year's April 1, 2019 deadline was past due. This was a direct result of delays encountered with the State's implementation of GASB 75 (*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*), which impacted the State's issuance of its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year period ended June 30, 2018.

On March 15, 2019, the State contacted its Federal Cognizant Audit Oversight official from USDHHS-OIG to alert their office of the State's impending delay for FY 2018 and to advise that the submission to the FAC would be completed no later than April 30, 2019.

Please note that the delay for FY 2018 was directly related to the implementation of the GASB 75 pronouncement and was not related to current or prospective Federal funding received or being pursued by the State of New Jersey.

Reference Number: Prior Year Finding: Federal Agency: State Agency: Federal Program:	2018-010 No U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Department of Human Services Medicaid Cluster
CFDA Number:	93.775, 93.777, 93.778
Award Number and Year:	1705-NJ5MAP (2017), 1705-NJ5ADM (2017), 1705-NJINCT (2017), 1705-NJIMPL (2017), 1805-NJ5MAP (2018), 1805-NJINCT (2018), 1805-NJIMPL (2018)
Compliance	
Requirement: Type of Finding:	Allowable Costs/Cost Principles Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: Per 2 CFR section 200.431(c) The cost of fringe benefits in the form of employer contributions or expenses for social security; employee life, health, unemployment, and worker's compensation insurance (except as indicated in §200.447 Insurance and indemnification); pension plan costs (see paragraph (i) of this section); and other similar benefits are allowable, provided such benefits are granted under established written policies. Such benefits, must be allocated to Federal awards and all other activities in a manner consistent with the pattern of benefits attributable to the individuals or group(s) of employees whose salaries and wages are chargeable to such Federal awards and other activities, and charged as direct or indirect costs in accordance with the non-Federal entity's accounting practices.

(d) Fringe benefits may be assigned to cost objectives by identifying specific benefits to specific individual employees or by allocating on the basis of entity-wide salaries and wages of the employees receiving the benefits. When the allocation method is used, separate allocations must be made to selective groupings of employees, unless the non-Federal entity demonstrates that costs in relationship to salaries and wages do not differ significantly for different groups of employees.

Per 2 CFR 200.403 Except where otherwise authorized by statute, costs must meet the following general criteria in order to be allowable under Federal awards:

(a) Be necessary and reasonable for the performance of the Federal award and be allocable thereto under these principles.

(b) Conform to any limitations or exclusions set forth in these principles or in the Federal award as to types or amount of cost items.

(c) Be consistent with policies and procedures that apply uniformly to both Federally-financed and other activities of the non-Federal entity.

(d) Be accorded consistent treatment. A cost may not be assigned to a Federal award as a direct cost if any other cost incurred for the same purpose in like circumstances has been allocated to the Federal award as an indirect cost.

(e) Be determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except, for state and local governments and Indian tribes only, as otherwise provided for in this part.

(f) Not be included as a cost or used to meet cost sharing or matching requirements of any other Federallyfinanced program in either the current or a prior period. See also §200.306 Cost sharing or matching paragraph (b). (g) Be adequately documented.

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

During our testing of nonpayroll transactions we noted one adjustment that was not supported by adequate documentation. The adjustment was to move Federal indirect cost recovery funds to Treasury for miscellaneous services. While the Department provided documentation to support approval for the adjustment, the specifics and/or detail supporting the adjustment was not available for review.

Context:

The detail supporting the adjustment was not provided for 1 of the 60 nonpayroll disbursements selected for testing.

Questioned costs:

\$1,211,309.90, reflects the adjustment that was not adequately supported.

Cause:

Due to changes in personnel, the Department was unable to locate the supporting documentation. While documentation to support approval for the adjustment was readily available, the Department did not maintain the related detail with the approval.

Effect:

The Department was unable to provide assurance that the adjusted cost was allowable in accordance with the program requirements.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department review their current retention policy to ensure that all program related documentation is retained and readily available in accordance with the Single Audit Act and the State's retention policy.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. In reference to the audit finding regarding one adjustment totaling \$1,211,309.90, DHS was able to provide documentation to support approval for the adjustment; however, the detailed documentation was not available. The adjustment was reimbursement to the Department of the Treasury for central State costs associated with budget and accounting systems.

DHS will review the expenses with the Department of the Treasury and will ensure that appropriate documentation is available to support such adjustments going forward.

Reference Number: Prior Year Finding:	2018-011 No
Federal Agency:	US Department of Housing and Urban Development
State Agency:	Department of Community Affairs
Federal Program:	Lower Income Housing Assistance Program – Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation
CFDA Number:	14.856
Award Number and Year: Compliance	NJ912 (2018)
Requirement: Type of Finding:	Eligibility Testing Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: The PHA or owner, as applicable, must: a. Verify the eligibility of applicants by (a) obtaining signed applications that contain the information needed to determine eligibility (including designation as elderly, disabled, or homeless, if applicable), income, rent, and order of selection; (b) conducting verifications of family income and other pertinent information (such as assets, full time student and immigration status, and unusual medical expenses) through third parties; (c) documenting inspections and tenant certifications, as appropriate; and, (d) determining that tenant income did not exceed the maximum limit set by HUD for the PHA's jurisdiction, as shown in HUD's published notice transmitting the Limits for Low-Income and Very Low-Income Families Under the Housing Act of 1937. For the Mod Rehab SRO program, eligible individuals must be homeless upon entry into the program. (24 CFR sections 880.603, 881.601, 882.514, 882.808, 833.701, 884.214, 886.119, and 886.318) b. Determine the total tenant rent payment in accordance with 24 CFR section 5.613. c. Select participants from the waiting list in accordance with the admission policies in its administrative plan and maintain documentation which shows that, at the time of admission, the family actually met the preference criteria that determined the family's place on the waiting list. d. Reexamine family income and composition at least once every 12 months and adjust the total rent payment and housing assistance payment, as necessary (24 CFR sections 5.617, 880.603, 881.601, 882.515, 884.218, 886.124, and 886.324).

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

We noted that the supporting documentation over tenant eligibility was not adequately maintained. Third party verification related to program eligibility was not provided for FY 2018 for one tenant participating in the program. The Department is required to document third-party verifications obtained and used to support the tenant's eligibility. The documentation provided did not support the eligibility determination for FY 2018.

Context:

One of the 40 tenant files did not contain third-party verifications to support the eligibility determination for the audit period.

Questioned costs:

Undetermined, due to the lack of information, we are unable to determine:

1. If third party documentation was provided and adequately supported the eligibility determination for FY 18.

Cause:

The lack of documentation to support FY 2018 tenant eligibility is due to an error and was not detected via supervisory review.

Effect:

The Department's tenant files do not consistently support the tenant eligibility in the Moderate Rehabilitation program.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department review current procedures and make necessary changes to ensure that proper documentation is obtained and maintained to support its eligibility determination.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. As recommended, the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs (DCA) will review current procedures to determine if the procedures are adequate to ensure that proper documentation is obtained and maintained to support its eligibility determination. DCA will adopt appropriate actions as indicated by the review.

Reference Number: Prior Year Finding: Federal Agency:	2018-012 No US Department of Housing and Urban Development
State Agency:	Department of Community Affairs
Federal Program:	Lower Income Housing Assistance Program – Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation
CFDA Number:	14.856
Award Number and Year:	NJ912 (2018)
Compliance	Special Test – Wait List Testing
Requirement:	
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: The PHA or owner, as applicable, must: c. Select participants from the waiting list in accordance with the admission policies in its administrative plan and maintain documentation which shows that, at the time of admission, the family actually met the preference criteria that determined the family's place on the waiting list.

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

During the audit of participants admitted into the program via the waitlist, we noted that the Department did not consistently document tenant's transition from the waitlist into the program. Documentation to support the transfer of two tenants from the waitlist into the program was not provided. The Department is required to maintain such documentation to support the tenant's transference from the waitlist into the program was in accordance with the program's requirements.

Context:

Two of the 13 tenant files selected for testing did not maintain documentation to support the date in which the tenant was transferred from the waitlist to the program.

Questioned costs:

Undetermined based on the lack of information, we are unable to determine if the tenants admitted were based on qualifying for special admission or if the actual date of transfer was correct.

Cause:

The lack of documentation in the tenant files is due to error and supervisory review not detecting errors in a timely manner.

Effect:

The Department is unable to adequately support tenants admitted into the program via the waitlist.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department review current procedures and make necessary changes to ensure that proper documentation is obtained and maintained to support a tenant's admittance into the program via the waitlist.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. As recommended, DCA will review current procedures to determine if the procedures are adequate to ensure that proper documentation is obtained and maintained to support the tenant's admittance into the program via the waitlist. DCA will adopt appropriate actions as indicated by the review.

Reference Number: Prior Year Finding: Federal Agency: State Agency:	2018-013 No US Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Community Affairs
Federal Program:	Lower Income Housing Assistance Program – Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation
CFDA Number:	14.856
Award Number and Year: Compliance	NJ912 (2018)
Requirement:	Special Reporting – HUD-50058
Type of Finding:	Material Weakness in Internal Control, Material Non- compliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: The PHA is required to submit this form electronically to HUD each time the PHA completes an admission, annual reexamination, interim reexamination, portability move-in, or other change of unit for a family. The PHA must also submit the Family Report when a family ends participation in the program or moves out of the PHA's jurisdiction under portability.

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

During the testing of critical data fields on the HUD-50058 form, we noted that the HAP payment reported on the form did not agree with the documentation in the tenant's file.

- 1. One tenant file documented and identified the HAP payment as \$456 but was reported on the HUD-50058 form as \$465; a \$9 difference per month.
- 2. One tenant file selected for testing was not provided by the Department. CLA was unable to perform the test.

Context:

- 1. One of the 40 tenant HAP payments reported on the HUD-50058 form did not agree to the documentation in the tenant file.
- 2. One of the 40 tenant files selected for testing was not provided.

Questioned costs:

1. Questioned costs in the amount of \$90 was determined. The costs reflect the \$9 difference between the amount the HAP payment and the HUD-50058 for 10 months.

2. Questioned costs in the amount of \$470 was determined. The costs reflects the \$470 HAP issued after the effective date of June 1, 2018.

Cause:

- 1. The error was due to a typo that was not identified during the review process.
- 2. DCA was unable to locate the tenant file.

Effect:

The data reported to the grantor was not supported by the Department's records.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department review current procedures and make necessary changes to ensure the information reported to the grantor is accurate and properly supported.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. As recommended, DCA will review current procedures to determine if they are adequate to ensure that information reported to the grantor on HUD 50058 forms is accurate and properly supported by documentation in the tenant file. DCA will adopt appropriate actions as indicated by the review.

Reference Number:	2018-014
Prior Year Finding:	No
Federal Agency:	US Department of Housing and Urban Development
State Agency:	Department of Community Affairs
Federal Program:	Lower Income Housing Assistance Program – Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation
CFDA Number:	14.856
Award Number and Year: Compliance	NJ912 (2018)
Requirement:	Special Test -Tenant Utility Allowance
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: The PHA or owner must (a) establish or ensure tenant utility allowances based on utility consumption and rate data for various sized units, structure types, and fuel types, (b) make an annual review of tenant utility allowances to determine their reasonableness, and (c) adjust the allowances, when appropriate (24 CFR sections 5.603, 880.610, 881.601, 882.510, 882.808(k), 883.701, 884.220, 886.126, and 886.326)

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

We noted two tenant files did not contain documentation to support the utility allowance for FY 2018. The Department is required to document the utility used to determine the HAP payment. The review of the allowance is required for initial and re-examination.

Context:

Documentation supporting the tenant utility allowance payments were not provided for 2 of the 8 tenant files selected for testing.

Questioned costs:

\$1,162, reflects the utility allowance payments made on behalf of tenants for the FY 2018 audit period.

Cause:

The lack of documentation to support FY 2018 tenant utility allowance was due to an error that was not detected by supervisory review in a timely manner.

Effect:

The Department is unable to support the review of the tenant's utility allowance payments.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department review current procedures and make necessary changes to ensure that proper documentation is obtained and maintained to support its review of tenant utility allowances.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. As recommended, DCA will review current procedures to determine if the procedures are adequate to ensure that proper documentation is obtained and maintained to support its review of tenant utility allowances. DCA will adopt appropriate actions as indicated by the review.

Reference Number: Prior Year Finding: Federal Agency: State Agency: Federal Program:	2018-015 No US Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Community Affairs Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers
CFDA Number:	14.871,14.879
Award Number and Year: Compliance Requirement:	NJ912 (2018) Special Test- Quality Control Inspection Requirement
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control

Criteria or specific requirement:

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

We noted that the same housing inspector conducted the Annual HQS and the QC re-inspection. The State's HVCP plan requires the annual and re-inspection to be performed by different inspectors as to provide and demonstrate objectivity over quality control inspections.

Context:

Two of the 15 HQS annual (and subsequent re-inspection) selected for testing were completed by the same housing inspector.

Questioned costs:

Not Applicable. No unallowed costs were identified.

Cause:

The assigning of the same housing inspector to perform the annual and re-inspection was due to an error which was not detected by the Department in a timely manner.

Effect:

The Department is not consistently following current procedures, which may allow the opportunity for noncompliance.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend the Department reiterate current procedures for assigning housing inspectors to ensure that the procedures are communicated to all staff and that supervisory review can identify inconsistencies or errors in a timely manner.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. As recommended, DCA will reiterate current procedures for assigning housing inspectors to ensure that the procedures are communicated to all staff and that supervisory review can identify inconsistencies in a timely manner. DCA will issue a memo emphasizing these procedures to all field office staff.

Reference Number:	2018-016
Prior Year Finding:	No
Federal Agency:	US Department of Housing and Urban Development
State Agency:	Department of Community Affairs
Federal Program:	Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers
CFDA Number:	14.871,14.879
Award Number and Year: Compliance	NJ912
Requirement:	Special Test- Failed Housing Inspection
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: For units under HAP contract that fail to meet HQS, the PHA must require the owner to correct any life threatening HQS deficiencies within 24 hours after the inspections and all other HQS deficiencies within 30 calendar days or within a specified PHA-approved extension. If the owner does not correct the cited HQS deficiencies within the specified correction period, the PHA must stop (abate) HAPs beginning no later than the first of the month following the specified correction period or must terminate the HAP contract. The owner is not responsible for a breach of HQS as a result of the family's failure to pay for utilities for which the family is responsible under the lease or for tenant damage. For family-caused defects, if the family does not correct the cited HQS deficiencies within the specified correction period, the PHA must take prompt and vigorous action to enforce the family obligations (24 CFR sections 982.158(d) and 982.404).

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

We noted that the Department incorrectly reported the results of a housing quality inspection as failed. CLA was provided a list of failed inspections from the Department and selected a sample for testing. We noted that the documentation in the tenant file did not support a failed inspection; as such, a notice of failed inspection informing the landlord and tenant of the area(s) to be corrected along with corrective action time frame was not in the tenant's file. Upon inquiry regarding the lack of documentation, we were informed that the tenant's failed inspection result was incorrectly reported, the review process did not detect the error and the tenant's case number would be removed from the failed inspection list.

Context:

One of the 40 Failed HQS inspections selected for testing was incorrectly identified as failed.

Questioned costs:

Not Applicable. Finding was due to an error and no remedy was required by the Department.

Cause:

The incorrect reporting was due to an error and was not detected during the supervisory review.

Effect:

The tenant file incorrectly reported a failed inspection which could result in remedies being levied against the tenant and/or landlord. The Department's statistics related to failed tenant inspections may be incorrect; therefore, incorrectly reported to the grantor.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department review current procedures to determine if the review procedures are adequate to detect incorrect results of tenant inspections in a timely manner.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. As recommended, DCA will examine current procedures to determine if the review procedures are adequate to detect incorrect results recorded for tenant housing quality inspections in a timely manner. DCA will adopt appropriate actions as indicated by the review.

Reference Number: Prior Year Finding:	2018-017 No
Federal Agency: State Agency: Federal Program:	US Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Community Affairs Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers
CFDA Number:	14.871,14.879
Award Number and Year: Compliance Requirement:	NJ912 (2018) Special Test - HAP Register
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: The PHA must pay a monthly HAP on behalf of the family that corresponds with the amount on line 12u of the HUD-50058. This HAP amount must be reflected on the HAP contract and HAP register. (24 CFR section 982.158 and 24 CFR part 982, subpart K)

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

During the testing of the HAP payments, we noted that the HAP payment did not agree with the documentation in the tenant's file for the following:

- 1. One tenant file documented the HAP payment as \$1,104, effective June 1, 2017. The March 2018 HAP payment and related 50058 reported the tenant's HAP payment as \$1,159. The tenant file did not support the reason for the HAP payment increase.
- 2. One tenant file documented the HAP payment as \$1,052; however, we noted that the actual HAP payment for January 2018 was \$297. Per our review of the tenant's detail transaction history, the prior month's HAP payment was \$1,052. The Department stated that the difference in the HAP payment was due to payments made on behalf of the tenant. We were not provided documentation to support the Department's reason for the change in the HAP payment.

Context:

Two of the 40 HAP payments selected for testing did agree to the actual HAP payment issued.

Questioned costs:

Undetermined, due to the lack of documentation supporting the change in the HAP payment, we are unable to determine if the change was allowable or unallowable.

Cause:

DCA did not maintain documentation to support the changes to the HAP payment. **Effect:**

The HAP payments were not supported by the documentation in the tenant file.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department review current procedures and make necessary changes to ensure that the HAP payment amount and subsequent changes are supported by adequate documentation.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. As recommended, DCA will review current procedures to determine if they are adequate to ensure that recorded HAP payment amounts and any subsequent changes to them are supported by adequate documentation in tenant files. DCA will adopt appropriate actions as indicated by the review.

Reference Number:	2018-018
Prior Year Finding:	No
Federal Agency:	US Department of Housing and Urban Development
State Agency:	Department of Community Affairs
Federal Program:	Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers
CFDA Number:	14.871,14.879
Award Number and Year: Compliance	NJ912 (2018)
Requirement:	Eligibility Testing
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Noncompliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: The head of the household signs (a) one or more release forms to allow the PHA to obtain information from third parties; (b) a Federally prescribed general release form for employment information; and (c) a privacy notice. Under some circumstances, other members of the family are required to sign these forms (24 CFR sections 5.212 and 5.230). The PHA must do the following: a. as a condition of admission or continued occupancy, require the tenant and other family members to provide necessary information, documentation, and releases for the PHA to verify income eligibility (24 CFR sections 5.230, 5.609, and 982.516). b. For both family income examinations and reexaminations, obtain and document in the family file third-party verification of (1) reported family annual income; (2) the value of assets; (3) expenses related to deductions from annual income; and (4) other factors that affect the determination of adjusted income or income-based rent (24 CFR section 982.516). c. Determine income eligibility and calculate the tenant's rent payment using the documentation from third-party verification in accordance with 24 CFR part 5 subpart F (24 CFR section 5.601 *et seq.*) (24 CFR sections 982.201, 982.515, and 982.516).

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

We noted that the supporting documentation over tenant eligibility was not adequately maintained as follows:

- 1. One tenant was identified as participating in both the HCVP and Moderate Rehabilitation programs during FY 2018. The tenant file did not identify the tenant as transferring between the programs during this time period.
- 2. Third party verification related to program eligibility was not provided for FY 2018 for three tenants participating in the program. The Department is required to document third-party verifications obtained and used to support the tenant's eligibility. The tenant file documentation provided did not support the eligibility determination for this time period.

Context:

One of the 40 tenants selected for testing was incorrectly identified as participating in the HCVP and Moderate Rehabilitation programs at the same time.

Three of the 40 tenant files selected for testing did not contain third-party verifications to support the eligibility determination for the audit period.

Questioned costs:

Undetermined, due to the lack of information, we are unable to determine:

- 1. If the tenant participated in one program and was transferred to another program during FY 2018, and participation in both programs was valid.
- 2. If third party documentation was provided and adequately supported the eligibility determination for FY 2018.

Cause:

The lack of documentation to support FY 2018 tenant eligibility is due to an error which was not detected by supervisory review in a timely manner.

Effect:

The Department's tenant files do not consistently support the tenant eligibility in the HCVP program.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department review current procedures and make necessary changes to ensure that proper documentation is obtained and maintained to support its eligibility determination and changes to the tenant's eligibility status.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. As recommended, DCA will review current procedures to determine if the procedures are adequate to ensure that proper documentation is obtained and maintained to support its eligibility determination and changes to the tenant's eligibility status. DCA will adopt appropriate actions as indicated by the review.

Reference Number:	2018-019
Prior Year Finding:	No
Federal Agency:	US Department of Housing and Urban Development
State Agency:	Department of Community Affairs
Federal Program:	Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers
CFDA Number:	14.871,14.879
Award Number and Year: Compliance	NJ912 (2018)
Requirement:	Special Test - Waitlist Testing
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control, Non compliance

Criteria or specific requirement:

Compliance: The PHA must have written policies in its HCVP administrative plan for selecting applicants from the waiting list and PHA documentation must show that the PHA follows these policies when selecting applicants for admission from the waiting list. Except as provided in 24 CFR section 982.203 (Special admission (non

waiting list)), all families admitted to the program must be selected from the waiting list. "Selection" from the waiting list generally occurs when the PHA notifies a family whose name reaches the top of the waiting list to come in to verify eligibility for admission (24 CFR sections 5.410, 982.54(d), and 982.201 through 982.207).

Control: Per 2 CFR section 200.303(a), a non-Federal entity must: Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Condition:

During the audit of the participants admitted into the program via the waitlist, we noted that the Department did not consistently document the tenant's transition from the waitlist into the program.

- 1. One tenant's file lacked adequate documentation to support the tenant's qualification of special admission. The tenant was admitted into the program due to a death in the household. The State's HCVP plan allows the Department to use its discretion for such an event and requires documentation to support the reason for the applicant's selection and admittance into the program.
- 2. Documentation to support one tenant's transfer from the waitlist to the program was not provided. The Department is required to maintain documentation to support the date in which a tenant is transferred from the waitlist to the program. This date is used to document that the tenant was transferred from the waitlist into the program in accordance with the program's requirements.
- 3. The Department incorrectly identified tenants as being selected from the waitlist and admitted in to the program during FY 2018. Three tenants were documented as being admitted into the program in 2018; upon review of the tenant's file we noted that the tenants were admitted into the program in 2016.

Context:

One of the 40 tenant files selected for testing did not support the tenant's entrance into the program due to qualifying for special admission.

One of the 40 tenant files selected for testing did not maintain documentation to support the date in which the tenant was transferred from the waitlist to the program.

Three of the 40 tenants were incorrectly included as new transfers from the waitlist into the program for FY 18, but were admitted into the program in 2016.

Questioned costs:

Undetermined based on the lack of information, we are unable to determine if the tenants were admitted based on qualifying for special admission or if the actual date of transfer was correct.

Cause:

The lack of documentation in the tenant files is due to error and supervisory review not detecting errors in a timely manner.

Effect:

The Department is unable to adequately support tenants admitted into the program via the waitlist.

Statistically valid: Yes

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Department review current procedures and make necessary changes to ensure to ensure that proper documentation is obtained and maintained to support tenant's admittance into the program via the waitlist.

Views of responsible officials:

Accepted. As recommended, DCA will review current procedures to determine if the procedures are adequate to ensure that proper documentation is obtained and maintained to support tenant's admittance into the program via the wait list. DCA will adopt appropriate actions as indicated by the review.